Ortak Dersler
İngilizce II
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A WORKING LIFE

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Ünite 9

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Work & jobs

Occupations

- Hairdresser: kuaför
- chef: aşçı
- soldier: asker
- dentist: diş hekimi
- Teacher: öğretmen
- lawyer: avukat
- banker: bankacı
- computer specialist: bilgisayar uzmanı
- nurse: hemşire
- builder: inşaat işçisi
- factory worker: fabrika işçisi
- doctor: doktor
- architect: mimar
- police officer: polis
- waiter: garson
- company director: şirket yöneticisi
- accountant: muhasebeci
NOTICE  JOB & WORK

*Job* is countable. We say: *He has a great job!*
*Work* is uncountable. We say: *It’s hard work.*

How do you say *job* and *work* in your language?

Adjectives to describe jobs

- active
- badly paid
- boring
- creative
- dangerous
- interesting
- responsible
- satisfying
- stressful
- well paid

- Active: aktif
- badly paid: düşük maaşlı iş
- boring: sıkıcı
- creative: yaratıcı
- dangerous: tehlikeli
- interesting: ilginç
- responsible: sorumlu
- satisfying: memnun edici
- stressful: stresli
- well paid: yüksek maaşlı iş
Match the jobs in 1 to descriptions a–h.

a  I work in a salon. I cut people’s hair.  
   **hairdresser**

b  I teach people how to play tennis and football.

c  I serve customers in a restaurant.

d  I spend all day in a kitchen, cooking meals.

e  I work in a big company. I make important decisions.

f  I work in a huge building, using complicated machines to make new products.

g  I can help you when you have a problem with your computer.

h  I plan and design new buildings.

- sports instructor
- waiter
- chef
- company director
- factory worker
- computer specialist
- architect
a. Complete the sentences with adjectives.

1. I always feel good after a day in work. My job is really stressful.
2. In my job I always have a lot to do. It can be very small.
3. The best thing about my job is the high salary. It’s very well paid.
4. You need to be fit and healthy to do my job. It’s really active.
5. I don’t make a lot of money from my job. It’s quite badly paid.
6. It’s important to stay safe in my job. Sometimes it can be dangerous.
7. In my job I have to design and make things. It’s very creative.
8. I love my job because every day is different. It’s never boring.

- stressful
- well paid
- active
- badly paid
- dangerous
- creative
- boring
9.1. READING

If you want to be happy in your job, be a hairdresser!

A recent survey showed that hairdressers are the happiest profession in a list of over eighty different jobs.

But why? Is it the money? No. Hairdressing is certainly not one of the best-paid professions around. But hairdressers are a lot happier than doctors, lawyers or bankers, who are all better paid. So money isn’t the answer. And it isn’t the hours either. Hairdressers often have to work long hours and weekends are their busiest time.

So, what is the answer?

Hairdressers: the happiest profession

‘I love my job because I make people happy quickly,’ said one hairdresser. ‘I love the creative side of the job – that’s the most important thing for me,’ said another. ‘A good hairdresser chats with the customers, and smiles and jokes. It’s a very important part of the job,’ said the manager of one salon.

So it seems that a creative job with friendly workmates and a relaxed working atmosphere is much more important than the long hours and the low pay.

‘I don’t need to get up early in the morning, wear a suit and tie, or sit in front of a computer all day. The customers I work with are my best friends. When I’m in the salon, I feel like I’m at home! And you ask me why I’m happy?’

So, if you’re unhappy in your job, or looking for a change of career, you know what to do! Become a hairdresser!
2. Look at the headline and the photo in the article below. Why do you think hairdressers are the happiest profession?

3. Read the article and check your answer in 2. Which three things in the survey in 1 are most important to hairdressers?

4. Mark the sentences true (T) or false (F).
   1. Hairdressers don’t work at the weekend.
   2. Hairdressers are generally well paid.
   3. Hairdressing is a creative job.
   4. Being happy and friendly is part of the job.
   5. Salons are often relaxed and friendly places.
   6. Hairdressers usually wear formal clothes.

5. Work in pairs. Discuss the questions.
   - Is your hairdresser a happy person?
   - Would you like to be a hairdresser? Why/Why not?

9.1.1. Key

3) being creative,
   friendly colleagues,
   relaxed working atmosphere

4)
   1. F
   2. F
   3. T
   4. T
   5. T
   6. F
9.2. **GRAMMAR**

**GRAMMAR**

1  a Mark the sentences true (T) or false (F).

   1  Hairdressers and their customers are usually **best** friends.
   2  A friendly smile is the **most important** thing for a good hairdresser.
   3  Hairdressers are the **richest** profession.
   4  Saturday is one of their **busiest** days.

   b Complete 1–4 in the **GRAMMAR PANEL** with the words in **bold**.

9.2.1. **Key**

1)  
1. T
2. F
3. F
4. T
9.3. **SUPERLATIVE ADJECTIVES**

Superlative adjectives are used to express comparison. They denote the highest degree of a quality or characteristic.

**Superlative adjectives**

We use superlative adjectives to compare people/things with all the other people/things in a group:

*Hairdressers are the happiest profession.* (= Hairdressers are happier than all the other professions.)

The form we use depends on the length of the adjective.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>One syllable</th>
<th>Two syllables ending in -y</th>
<th>Two syllables or more</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Add -est</td>
<td>Change -y to -i and add -est</td>
<td>Use most + adjective</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fast → fastest</td>
<td>easy → easiest</td>
<td>expensive → most expensive</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

We often use *the* or possessive adjectives (*my, your, his*) with superlative adjectives:

*It’s the best job. She’s my best friend.*

Superlative haldeki bir sıfatın anlamı “en …………” şeklinde oluyor. (En ucuz, en pahalı, en az ….etc.)

**Sıfatlar süperlative yapılarken şu kurallara dikkat edilir.**

1. İngilizcede en üstünlük bildiren cümleler kurarken sıfat tek heceli ise süperlative hali için kendisinden sonra “-est” takısı alır.
   - Tall- tallest
   - short-shortest
   - He is the tallest student in the class. (Sınıftaki en uzun öğrencidir.)
2. Eğer sıfatın sonu “y” ise –est takısı alınırken “y” harfi düşer –iest takısı getirilir.
   - Early- earliest
   - lucky-luckiest
   - This question is the easiest one for me. (Bu soru benim için en kolayı)
3. İngilizcede en üstünlük cümleleri kurarken sıfat uzun ise superlative hali için kendisinden önce “en” anlamında “the most” kelimesi getirilir.
   - Expensive-the most expensive
   - comfortable-the most comfortable
   - She is the most famous pop singer in Turkey. (O Türkiye’de en ünlü pop şarkıcısıdır.)
4. Bazı sıfatların süperlative halleri düzenizdir.
   - Good-the best
• bad-the worst
5. Süperlativelerdenden önce “the” belirteci kullanılır.
• What was the happiest day of your life? (Hayatinen mutlu günü neydi?)

Example
• A: Which car is the cheapest? The red one, the blue one or the black one.
• B: I think the blue one is the cheapest.

2 a Work in pairs. Write the superlative form of the adjectives in brackets.
1 Who has the ....................... (creative) job, an actor, a teacher or an architect?
2 Who has the ....................... (easy) job, a nurse, a builder or a soldier?
3 Which do you think is the ....................... (interesting) job, reporter, chef or film director?
4 Which is the ....................... (old) job, doctor, lawyer, soldier or teacher?

9.3.1. Key
2-a
1. most creative
2. easiest
3. most interesting
4. oldest
Complete the questions with the superlative form of the adjective in brackets.

1. What’s the ___________ thing about learning English? (easy)
2. What’s the ___________ thing about learning English? (difficult)
3. What’s the ___________ bar you know? (good)
4. What’s the ___________ city you know? (interesting)
5. What’s the ___________ place in your town? (busy)
6. What’s the ___________ thing about travelling? (bad)
7. What’s the ___________ gadget that you have? (new)
8. Which company is the ___________ employer in your region? (big)

9.3.2. Key
1. easiest
2. most difficult
3. best
4. most interesting
5. busiest
6. worst
7. newest
8. biggest
Complete the sentences using the superlative form of the adjectives in brackets.

1. Some of ______ the richest ______ (rich) people are computer specialists.
2. A doctor has one of ___________ (responsible) jobs.
3. Accountants are some of ___________ (well paid) workers.
4. Police officers have one of ___________ (difficult) jobs.
5. Teachers have one of ___________ (important) jobs.
6. Nurses are often ___________ (friendly) people in a hospital.
7. An architect has one of ___________ (creative) jobs.

9.3.3. **Key**

1. the most responsible
2. the best paid
3. the most difficult
4. the most important
5. the friendliest
6. the most creative
9.4. REFERENCES
